

SHAW WILL AID BANKS

Important Move In National Finance.

WILL INCREASE CIRCULATION

Heavy Demands of the West De- creasing Balances in New York Banks.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Secretary Shaw today issued the following statement:

Secretary Shaw has made arrangements to release about \$4,000,000 of the treasury holdings. He has had a list prepared of those national banks throughout the country which held free or pledged bonds at the date of their last report and has made inquiries for others. After making allowance for changed conditions since last report he expects this will release at least \$4,000,000. He has sent notice to all such that if they will send these bonds to the treasurer of the United States in sums of fifty thousand dollars or more they will be designated as temporary depositaries and the face value of the bonds will be deposited with them to the credit of the treasurer of the United States. He has pursued this course in preference to designating depositaries in the ordinary way, which compels him to buy bonds in the market at a large premium, thus paying out more for the bonds than they get from the government. The customs receipts are extremely heavy at this particular season of the year and the cash balance of the treasury has gradually increased.

He also has decided to anticipate the October interest, amounting to about \$4,200,000, and with this in view, orders have been issued to the various sub-treasuries to cash such coupons as may be presented them for payment and the treasurer of the United States has been instructed to mail checks for interest on the registered bonds. All this was decided upon some days ago and letters and telegrams prepared for today.

The secretary sees in present conditions no occasion for alarm. He calls attention to the fact that there is no evidence of a currency famine present or prospective elsewhere than in New York, and even there the rate is not high for commercial paper and for commercial paper he has the greater solicitude. He is well satisfied with his efforts to increase circulation which he decided upon in the early summer when present conditions were plainly visible and has the presses busy preparing to meet an emergency which he does not expect but which he thinks it is wise to provide against. Thus far he has made requests only of such banks as hold large deposits and have very limited circulation and he is not asking these to increase to the maximum nor to increase at all for the present. He does not desire to force the banks into the market to buy bonds at a higher rate than the government is willing to pay. He does desire to make the best possible use of the free bonds now held by the banks. Incidentally he likes to encourage banks to hold free bonds during the dull months, believing it is much better to hold bonds that yield one-half per cent than to make call loans at two per cent. He is therefore giving the banks that hold these free bonds an opportunity to use them to the most excellent advantage. This method, if pursued by the banks, would give a slight element of elasticity to our otherwise inelastic currency system.

His position as regards circulation is best expressed in a letter which he recently wrote a banker that had been already buying bonds and which he has consented to make public and is as follows:

"Treasury Department, Washington, Sept. 10, 1902.
"My Dear Sir:—Your letter of the eighth is received. I find it well impossible to convey the purport of my request even to the banks of which I have made the request, much less to the public.

"First—In case of imminent danger or actual disaster I will be compelled to use government deposits to buy increased circulation.

"Second—I desire to have from fifteen to fifty millions additional circulation printed preparatory so that it can be issued in four days instead of forty.

"Third—I will be glad to have the banks holding deposits arrange, if they can, to borrow the bonds.

"Fourth—I desire to send no bank into the market to buy bonds at the present time.

"Fifth—I do not care to have the currency issued under conditions make it well nigh imperative.

"I am making no demands upon any bank. The amount of their circulation must be determined by their directors, but inasmuch as the public holds the Secretary of the Treasury somewhat responsible for existing conditions I deem myself justified in using the public funds now held by various banks on deposit as I think best for the public good, and in case of trouble I may think best to use these to buy increased circulation, the banks now holding such funds having preference."

Later in the day the following was given out at the Treasury Department:

"The New York banks are complaining because the unprecedented demand in the west is reducing their available cash. They therefore ask that they may be permitted to go into the market, pay \$1,100,000 for a million of bonds and receive from the treasury a million deposit with the bonds as security. They seem willing to do this and increase the reserve \$250,000 against this increased liability. Thus the banks would decrease their available cash \$350,000, but they would be drawing the interest on the bonds. Instead of this the Secretary is loaning to any bank wherever situated upon its free bonds. In this way the western demand upon the banks will be relieved and they will only have to protect themselves."

Russia and Persia.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—In a dispatch from Odessa, the correspondent of the Standard says the German Bagdad Railroad scheme appears to haunt the Russian press like a spectre. The Novosti, goes on the correspondent, referring to the report that J. Pierpont Morgan has taken, or is about to take, considerable interest in the new railroad, observes that although Americans, Frenchmen and Englishmen will be large shareholders, the enterprise will remain essentially German. The Novoe Vremya, the correspondent also says, strongly advocates an strenuous policy to offset British and German activity in Persia, saying that to wait until the Sistan and Bagdad line is completed would be nothing less than suicidal on the part of Russia. "It is through Persia only," says the Novoe Vremya, "that Russia can outflank the Germans in Mesopotamia and the British in Beluchistan and India."

WORLD'S NEWS CONDENSED

Trans-Atlantic travel is very heavy. Gen. Miles has started for the Pacific coast.

A \$30,000,000 paper trust has been formed.

Hayti is greatly excited against the Germans.

British hops have been badly damaged by rain.

Lord Charles Beresford is on his way to America.

Ex-Queen Natalie of Serbia is to become a nun.

The Queen of the Belgians is critically ill of asthma.

The situation at Panama is becoming more serious.

The corner-stone of the new Campanile has been laid.

China is uneasy over Russia's failure to restore Manchuria.

Field Marshal Von Waldersee will visit the United States.

A seat in the N. Y. Stock Exchange has been sold for \$82,000.

Utah Republicans refuse to endorse the Cuban reciprocity scheme.

A. R. Shepherd, formerly governor of the District of Columbia, is dead.

The American liner Kensington has sailed for New York with oil fuel.

Gen. Botha says England will not help to restore ruined Boer farms.

W. K. Vanderbilt Jr. wants to engage in automobile racing in England.

There is a great increase among Mormon missionaries in Germany and Switzerland.

The American liner Philadelphia beat the Fuerst Bismarck in a race across the Atlantic.

There are great forest fires in the mountains of western Oregon and Washington.

Damage to one of her 13-inch guns will put the Indiana on the dry dock for some time.

American officers took part in a cavalry charge led by the Kaiser at the German maneuvers.

Rev. F. B. Meyer, the eminent English evangelist, says that American prosperity hurts religion.

Baron de Stael will retire, at his own request, from the London ambassadorship and become a member of the Imperial Council.

Roosevelt's two eldest sons have been made deputy sheriffs to help control the crowd at the President's Nassau county reception.

Senator Clark of Montana has bought twelve rugs for \$250,000. Some of them are "Polonaise" rugs made to order by Persian artists in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. These will be framed and put under glass.

Very Annoying

This Hardly Expresses What Honolulu People Say of It.

Good natured people are often irritable.

If you knew the reason, you would not be surprised.

Ever have itching piles?

Not sick enough to go to bed; not well enough to be content.

The constant itching sensation.

Hard to bear; harder to get relief.

Spoils your temper, nearly drives you crazy.

Isn't relief and cure a long-felt want?

You can have relief if you will follow the advice of this gentleman.

Mr. Frank Leibly of 326 S. Main st., Wilkesbarre, Pa., U. S., who says: "It is with much pleasure that I testify to the merits of Doan's Ointment in cases of itching piles. I suffered from that tormenting affliction for the past year. I tried nearly everything that was recommended to me and what I saw advertised, but I could get no relief. Finally I procured Doan's Ointment. After a few applications I was much relieved, and, continuing the treatment, I was soon completely cured. I have felt no signs of that intolerable itching since, and it is four months ago since I used Doan's Ointment. To say that I was delighted is only half expressing my enthusiasm. I recommend this remedy whenever the opportunity is presented. You may publish my statement at any time and I can always be found at 326 S. Main street, and will vouch for the same."

Doan's Ointment Pills for sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Mailed by The Hollister Drug Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name, DOAN'S, and take no substitute.

WANT MORE TOURISTS

Business Leaders to Canvass for a Fund.

Tourists travel and how to get it to come to the Hawaiian Islands was the basis of a long and earnest discussion at a special meeting of the Merchants' Association held yesterday morning. The result was the appointment of a committee to canvass the city for funds on a general plan outlined at the meetings, the details of which will be arranged later. The sense of the gathering of the merchants was that every effort should be put forth to attract tourist travel to Honolulu.

Considerable difficulty was experienced in getting a quorum and it was 10:45 before the meeting was called to order when the following persons were present: F. L. Waldron, W. W. Harris, J. F. Soper, W. W. Hall, J. G. Rothwell, F. W. Macfarlane, F. J. Church, L. E. Pinkham, F. Lange, E. A. McInerney, W. H. Hoogs, W. Lishman, C. M. V. Forster, W. Pfotenauer, W. W. Dimond, G. W. Smith, Robert Catton, J. Kirkland and C. L. Cullens. F. W. Macfarlane presided.

The "Tourist Travel" report, which was published several weeks ago, was read by Chairman Macfarlane. He stated that the merchants should consider the question of finances in connection with the plan outlined in the report, before taking up the report itself. He felt that the present strained financial condition of the market would be an incumbrance towards having the merchants contribute to a fund which would in the future bring good financial results to the community. He recognized the fact that collections were bad, but despite this he hoped that the association would make a definite vote on the question. In his opinion a committee should be appointed to solicit subscriptions for a six months' experiment, the payments to be made monthly. He stated that twenty-five cents a ton for all exports and imports had been suggested.

W. W. Dimond referred to the hotels as not having been assessed in proportion to the merchants, but agreed with the six months' experiment. Fred Church did not wish to see a reduction in the wharfage. F. L. Waldron moved that the Board of Directors act as a committee of the whole to canvass for sufficient funds to carry out the experimental suggestion and report back to the association in two weeks. He thought the money was the chief object of the movement. G. W. Smith thought the merchants should not be the ones to be taxed primarily, but Mr. Dimond stated that the merchants who are proposing the Tourists Travel plan should be the first to express their willingness to contribute to the fund.

The present steamer rates which have been advanced since the Tourist Travel report was first rendered were discussed. Mr. Pinkham felt that when the railroads and steamship companies found possibilities opening up for increased tourist travel between the coast and the islands, the problem of rates would work its own solution.

Upon motion of W. W. Dimond a vote of thanks was carried for the framers of the Tourist Travel report.

Going back to the plans for raising funds W. H. Hoogs thought that ten cents wharfage on imports alone was sufficient, leaving out exports altogether. The motion of Mr. Waldron that the Board of Directors act as a committee of the whole to canvass for subscriptions was seconded by G. W. Smith, and carried. The following gentlemen comprise the board: F. W. Macfarlane, W. W. Dimond, J. Wakefield, H. E. Whitney, G. W. Smith, L. E. Pinkham, M. Phillips, J. F. Hummer and W. W. Harris. The committee was empowered to employ an assistant to the secretary. The assistant will be a paid employee and by the terms of the motion he will be empowered to solicit the business houses to obtain subscriptions to the fund.

F. W. Macfarlane announced that as soon as the Judd Building elevator was repaired the Merchants' Association would move into its new quarters there.

BARRETT MEETS EMPRESS DOWAGER

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 8.—The audience granted at Pekin, July 26, by the Emperor and Empress Dowager of China, to John Barrett, commissioner-general for the St. Louis World's Fair, was notable, as this was the first time in the history of the Chinese court that their Majesties ever received any commissioner from a foreign land on a similar mission. After addresses had been exchanged by the Emperor and commissioner-general, the Empress Dowager, in violation of all precedents, invited Minister Conger and Commissioner Barrett to ascend the throne dais, where she engaged them in a private conversation through a high Chinese official as interpreter. She asked many questions about America. President Roosevelt and the World's Fair, and promised that China would take part, and send an Imperial commissioner to promote commercial and friendly relations between the two countries. The Empress particularly requested Mr. Barrett to convey to President Roosevelt China's deep appreciation of the generous attitude of the United States toward that country during her recent troubles.

Coal on the Rise

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—The price of soft coal in Chicago has risen to \$9 a ton, as compared with \$3.75 on September 1st. Anthracite is practically unobtainable and is quoted by some dealers as high as \$25 a ton. The sudden advance in prices is attributed to the demand caused by the cold weather which, while not severe in itself, has aroused householders to a realization that their bins are empty.

SPECIAL WAIST SELLING

What Woman Has Enough Shirt Waists?

She can always find a need for one more, especially when such an exceptional opportunity as this is presented. The Waists comprise the finest creations in White Lawns, Silk Mull, Swisses, Madras and Mercerized Fabrics. Mostly with long sleeves and the New Stock Collars.

A New Lot of WAISTS

We have just received a big new lot from one of the Best Waist Makers in the country. They come to us at so much less than normal, early summer prices, that we have marked them irresistibly low. In addition to this, many of the Waists in our regular stock have been radically reduced. It's the Waist chance of the summer, and the last chance you will have at a fresh, crisp lot of the daintiest New York Waists.



Whitney & Marsh, Ltd.

NEW FOOTBALL RULES FOR 1902

The new football rules for the season of 1902 are out, and for the first time it is possible to get a record of the changes made by the rules committee at its summer session. The most important alteration is a section providing for a change of goals after each touchdown. This change is for the purpose of equalizing the chances of the teams as far as wind and sun are concerned. The change also provides for a shift of goals after a goal from the field. A number of minor changes are made for the sake of clearness, and a rule which relates to the length of the game says the referee shall, when he thinks darkness is liable to cut short the game, arbitrarily shorten the time of the two halves, and that refusal to abide by such a decision shall mean forfeiture of the game.

Rule 18, section B, says: "In snapping the ball back, if the player doing so is off side, the ball must be snapped again. If this occurs more than once on the same down the opponents shall receive five yards, the number of the down and the point to be gained remaining unchanged." The penalty thus becomes loss of five yards instead of loss of the ball and is less severe.

Rule 18, section C, deals with the groupings of players and elucidates a point concerning which there has always been much misunderstanding. It says: "If five players, not including the quarterback, are behind the line of scrimmage they must occupy one of the three following positions: First, all five of such players may be inside the positions occupied at the end of the line of scrimmage, in which case two of the players must be at least five yards back of the line; or, second, if one of the said five players be outside of the line occupied by the players at the end of said line, then only one other of the players need be five yards back of the line; but, third, all five of these players may be nearer than five yards to the line of scrimmage if two of them are outside the positions occupied by the end of said line." In this rule "outside" means outside the extreme foot of the players of the opposing side at the end of the line.

In rule 27, section F, are additional points to still further prevent coaching from the side lines. "Only five men shall be allowed to walk up and down each side of the field. Violation of this rule is punishable by a loss of five yards. Changes have been made in rule 28, which has to do with penalties. For holding, the set-back penalty becomes five yards instead of ten. Also for the unlawful use of hands or arms, violation as to off-side play, tripping and tackling below the knees, the penalty is fixed as a five-yards assessment, unless the offending side has the ball, in which case the penalty is instant surrender of the ball. If the ball is in the air when the foul is committed, the ball goes to the non-offending side. The rule concludes with the following note: "Whenever a foul is committed which, in the opinion of the umpire, does not affect the play, the offending side may decline the penalty. In case of a run being made from this play, not more than twenty-five yards from the spot where the foul was committed shall be allowed."

Regatta Officials.

The officials in charge of today's regatta are as follows: Judges, Capt. T. K. Clark, Walter E. Wall, Chauncey Wilder; starter, W. L. Wilcox; timekeepers, L. Marks, Geo. Donn, L. P. Scott, C. E. Eakin; clerk of course, Capt. E. H. Parker; Regatta Committee, S. E. P. Taylor, M. M. Johnson, W. C. Parke; recorders, W. Short and C. Charlock; secretary, J. W. Smithies.

Rifle Competition.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 13.—A drizzling rain, accompanied by a strong east wind was falling when the American, British and Canadian rifle teams faced the targets on the Rickcliffe range in the Palma trophy contest today. The weather conditions were so adverse that high scores were not looked for. During the early hours the teams did some practice shooting, the Americans, however, not reaching the range until quite late.

BASEBALL ON MAKIKI GROUNDS

The second game of the Winter Baseball League will be played this afternoon on the Makiki grounds at 3:30 between the Brunswicks and Y. P. A. C. The teams are as follows:

Brunswicks—Macfarlane, ss.; Ahia, 1b.; Anderson, l.f.; Kaanohi, 2b.; N. Jackson, c.f.; Bolster, p.; Kahaulio, c.; Kiwa, 3b.; Welsh, r.f.; substitutes, H. James and Ewaliko.

Y. P. A. C.—M. Sebastian, c.; H. Kaal, p. and 1b.; M. Gomez, Capt., 1b. and p.; V. Fernandez, Jr., 2b.; Joe Fernandez, 3b.; A. Marcellino, ss.; H. Rodriguez, r.f.; A. Sebastian, c.f.; J. Marcellino, l.f.; substitutes, P. Correa, J. Santos, M. V. Souza, A. J. Fernandez, J. Oliveira.

Want Gambling Stopped.

Law abiding Chinese yesterday sent a request to the Governor and other officials, calling their attention to gambling games running in Chinatown, and requesting that they be broken up. The letter to the Governor is as follows:

Honolulu, Sept. 19, 1902.

S. B. Dole, Governor of Hawaii.
Dear Sir: We have the honor to inform you that Chinatown has four lottery gambling houses, these people play their games at 1:30 in the day and at 10 in the night. All agents carrying their games' tickets from store to store, asking the people to play. We beg your Honor to send order and have them clear up, for they are breaking our Lord's day.

Hoping you will pay attention for this matter, and bring these people back to the Heaven's Gate.

God shall bless you.

Very respectfully,

K. Y. WHOE,
S. C. TAL.

Rainier and Primo beer at 10c a glass at the Criterion saloon.

HERPICIDE

The Latest Scientific Discovery

is based on the principle, "Destroy the cause, you remove the effect."

Herpicide kills the germs that cause dandruff by digging up the scalp as they burrow their pestiferous way to the hair root, where they finally destroy the hair. Without dandruff your hair will grow luxuriantly.

Newbro's Herpicide stops dandruff and falling hair, and starts hair growing within 10 days. One bottle will convince you of this.

For Sale at all First-Class Drug Stores.

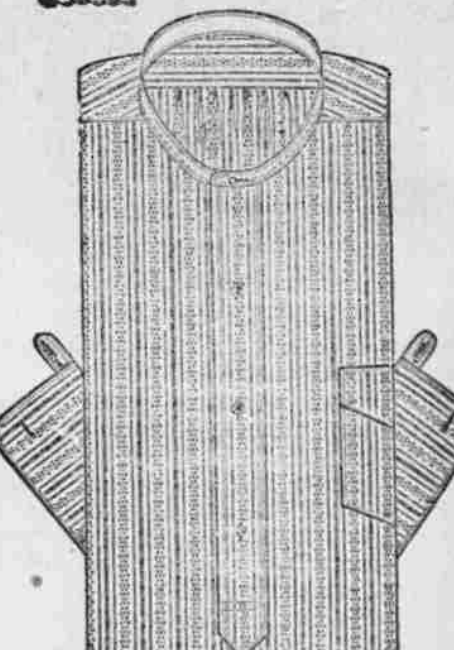
Pure Tokay Wine

Is an excellent tonic when you feel run down, or your appetite failing.

75c per gallon

AT
HOFFSCHLAEGER CO.
LIMITED.

King near Bethel.



The famous "Lion Brand" of shirts manufactured by the U. S. Shirt and Collar Co., are now being offered by

The von Hamm-Young Co., Ltd.
Queen Street
at prices that will surprise and please you.

BEAVER LUNCH ROOMS

H. J. NOLTE, Proprietor.
Fort Street, Opposite Wilder & Co.
FIRST-CLASS LUNCHEONS SERVED.
With Tea, Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger Ale or Milk.
Open from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m.
Smokers' Requisites a Specialty.

SHAVING 15 cents

—AT THE—
Pantheon Shaving Parlors.
CHAS. HUMMEL,
Manager.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

SAFE, Original and Only Genuine.

For CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH is RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbons. Take no other. Beware of Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Ltd., London, England.